

PRACTICE EXAM 5: AMBULATORY CARE NURSING (AMB-BC) (150 QUESTIONS)

This 150-question practice examination is aligned to the ANCC Ambulatory Care Nursing Test Content Outline. Allow 3 hours for a timed attempt. Select the single best answer for every question. This is original study material and is not an ANCC examination.

1. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new dizziness after an antihypertensive dose. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

2. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing fatigue after a recent medication adjustment. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

3. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing swelling reported during a video visit. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol

D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

4. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing increased thirst and urination with diabetes. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

5. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a home blood-pressure log with inconsistent readings. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

6. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new tingling in the feet during a diabetes follow-up. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data

7. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing weight loss during treatment for chronic disease. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment

- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol

8. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing constipation after starting an opioid. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

9. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new bruising after adding an over-the-counter product. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

10. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing recurrent heartburn despite the current plan. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

11. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing sleep disruption during chronic pain treatment. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context

- B. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

12. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing nausea after a newly prescribed antibiotic. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

13. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing rash reported through the patient portal. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol

14. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing increased cough during allergy season. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

15. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing reduced exercise tolerance in a patient with anemia. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol

16. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new urinary frequency in an older adult. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

17. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing missed doses of a seizure medication. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

18. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing headache after a recent change in caffeine use. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

19. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing dry mouth after starting a behavioral-health medication. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

20. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing intermittent dizziness after a diuretic adjustment. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

21. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new muscle aches after a lipid-lowering medication. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

22. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing increased thirst during a heat wave. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data

23. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing ankle swelling after a long day of standing. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

24. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new fatigue after beginning a restrictive diet. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency

25. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing declining appetite during cancer treatment. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

26. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing irritability and poor sleep after nicotine cessation. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

27. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new nausea after a change in supplements. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

28. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing intermittent numbness after prolonged computer work. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency

29. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing increased reflux symptoms after a dietary change. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

30. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new dry cough after starting a blood-pressure medication. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

31. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing recurrent low blood sugar symptoms at work. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

32. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new skin irritation around a medical adhesive. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

33. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing decreased urine output during a gastrointestinal illness. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

34. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new abdominal bloating with constipation. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data

35. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing flushing after a recently started medication. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

36. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing increased shortness of breath during pollen exposure. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency

37. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new insomnia after starting a stimulant medication. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

38. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing unexplained fatigue in a patient with thyroid disease. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

39. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new joint stiffness after reduced activity. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

40. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing frequent nighttime urination in a patient with diabetes. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency

41. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new dizziness after skipping meals. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

42. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing increased thirst during a medication refill request. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

43. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new nausea after an infusion appointment. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

44. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing muscle cramps after increased physical activity. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

45. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing intermittent palpitations after using an energy product. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol

46. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new itching after changing a skin-care product. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

47. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing headache associated with prolonged screen use. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

48. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing loose stools after starting a magnesium product. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency

49. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new constipation during iron therapy. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

50. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing reduced appetite after a recent viral illness. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

51. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new daytime sleepiness while taking a sedating medication. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

52. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing ankle pain after increasing walking distance. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency

53. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new cough after exposure to household irritants. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

54. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing intermittent nausea after changing meal timing. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

55. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new confusion reported by a family caregiver. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol

56. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing recurrent dizziness during position changes. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

57. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new hand tremor after medication titration. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Perform a focused assessment, compare findings with baseline, and use the triage protocol
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

58. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing increased fatigue after a missed nutrition appointment. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Review the relevant symptoms, medication history, and available clinical data
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

59. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new burning sensation with urination. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Assess response to the current treatment and escalate abnormal findings under protocol
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

60. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing new wheezing after exposure to a known trigger. Which response best reflects safe assess and evaluate practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Clarify onset, severity, associated symptoms, and factors that change the level of urgency
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

61. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing multiple medicines prescribed by different clinicians. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Coordinate the appropriate resources, clarify responsibilities, and establish follow-up
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

62. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a recent hospital discharge with several follow-up orders. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Reconcile the plan with the patient, involved clinicians, and documented orders

63. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing transportation barriers to specialty appointments. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Identify the practical barrier and adapt the care plan with available support services
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

64. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing food insecurity affecting a nutrition plan. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Coordinate the appropriate resources, clarify responsibilities, and establish follow-up

65. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing frequent missed primary-care visits. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Reconcile the plan with the patient, involved clinicians, and documented orders
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

66. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing confusion about who will monitor laboratory results. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Identify the practical barrier and adapt the care plan with available support services
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

67. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing an unfinished referral for behavioral-health support. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Coordinate the appropriate resources, clarify responsibilities, and establish follow-up
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

68. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing an unclear home-monitoring plan after a medication change. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Reconcile the plan with the patient, involved clinicians, and documented orders
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

69. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing repeated calls about the same chronic symptom. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Identify the practical barrier and adapt the care plan with available support services

70. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing need for home equipment after a functional decline. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Coordinate the appropriate resources, clarify responsibilities, and establish follow-up
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

71. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing overlapping appointments with two specialty services. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Reconcile the plan with the patient, involved clinicians, and documented orders
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

72. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing unreconciled over-the-counter products on the medication list. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Identify the practical barrier and adapt the care plan with available support services

73. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing incomplete follow-up after an abnormal screening result. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Coordinate the appropriate resources, clarify responsibilities, and establish follow-up
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

74. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing need for wound supplies at home. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Reconcile the plan with the patient, involved clinicians, and documented orders
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

75. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing caregiver strain during complex home care. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Identify the practical barrier and adapt the care plan with available support services
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

76. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing uncertain insurance coverage for an ordered service. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Coordinate the appropriate resources, clarify responsibilities, and establish follow-up
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

77. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a plan that requires several new self-care behaviors. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Reconcile the plan with the patient, involved clinicians, and documented orders

78. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing difficulty obtaining a prescribed device. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Identify the practical barrier and adapt the care plan with available support services
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

79. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing recent emergency care without scheduled follow-up. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Coordinate the appropriate resources, clarify responsibilities, and establish follow-up

80. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing duplicate therapy orders in the electronic record. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Reconcile the plan with the patient, involved clinicians, and documented orders
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

81. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing transition to adult care for a young patient. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Identify the practical barrier and adapt the care plan with available support services
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

82. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing need for community support after loss of employment. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Coordinate the appropriate resources, clarify responsibilities, and establish follow-up
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

83. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing unresolved symptoms between scheduled visits. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Reconcile the plan with the patient, involved clinicians, and documented orders
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

84. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing competing treatment plans from two clinicians. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Identify the practical barrier and adapt the care plan with available support services

85. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing need to prepare for an elective outpatient procedure. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Coordinate the appropriate resources, clarify responsibilities, and establish follow-up
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

86. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing inconsistent home measurements submitted to the clinic. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Reconcile the plan with the patient, involved clinicians, and documented orders
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

87. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing loss of access to the patient portal. Which response best reflects safe plan and implement practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Identify the practical barrier and adapt the care plan with available support services
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

88. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a delayed response to a critical test result. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

89. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient complaint about disrespectful communication. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Escalate through the appropriate leadership or safety pathway while protecting the patient
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

90. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a near miss involving a look-alike medication. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Use structured communication to clarify roles, expectations, and the next safe action

91. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a coworker asking for access beyond their role. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

92. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing an unverified patient message routed to the wrong team. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Escalate through the appropriate leadership or safety pathway while protecting the patient
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

93. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a broken process for documenting telephone advice. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Use structured communication to clarify roles, expectations, and the next safe action

94. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a concern that a handoff omitted key information. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

95. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a request to change a safety procedure without data. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Escalate through the appropriate leadership or safety pathway while protecting the patient

96. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a pattern of staff skipping a required double check. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Use structured communication to clarify roles, expectations, and the next safe action
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

97. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a family member seeking information without permission. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

98. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a clinic evacuation drill with unclear staff roles. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Escalate through the appropriate leadership or safety pathway while protecting the patient
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

99. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a conflict between patient preference and scheduling convenience. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Use structured communication to clarify roles, expectations, and the next safe action
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

100. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a recurring delay in room turnover. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

101. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a report of an unsecured workstation. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Escalate through the appropriate leadership or safety pathway while protecting the patient

102. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a request to delegate a task beyond established competence. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Use structured communication to clarify roles, expectations, and the next safe action
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

103. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a discrepancy between the medication list and dispensing history. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts

104. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient grievance about a billing communication. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Escalate through the appropriate leadership or safety pathway while protecting the patient
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

105. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a new staff member who needs procedure validation. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Use structured communication to clarify roles, expectations, and the next safe action
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

106. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a trend of missed follow-up tasks in the inbox. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

107. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a concern that health information was discussed in a public area. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Escalate through the appropriate leadership or safety pathway while protecting the patient
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

108. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient request for an accommodation. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Use structured communication to clarify roles, expectations, and the next safe action

109. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a change in workflow that affects several departments. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

110. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a suspected breach of professional boundaries. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Escalate through the appropriate leadership or safety pathway while protecting the patient
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

111. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient safety event with incomplete documentation. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Use structured communication to clarify roles, expectations, and the next safe action
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

112. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a disagreement about ownership of a referral. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

113. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a staff question about a potential conflict of interest. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Escalate through the appropriate leadership or safety pathway while protecting the patient

114. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a request to introduce a new quality metric. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Use structured communication to clarify roles, expectations, and the next safe action
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

115. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a concern about delayed maintenance of clinical equipment. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

116. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient request for help understanding an advance directive. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Escalate through the appropriate leadership or safety pathway while protecting the patient

117. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a pattern of incomplete incident reports. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Use structured communication to clarify roles, expectations, and the next safe action
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

118. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a suggestion to use personal texting for patient communication. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

119. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a request to release information to an outside organization. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Escalate through the appropriate leadership or safety pathway while protecting the patient
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

120. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a recurring shortage of essential supplies. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Use structured communication to clarify roles, expectations, and the next safe action

121. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a concern that a policy is applied inconsistently. Which response best reflects safe professional role practice?

- A. Follow the established safety, privacy, or reporting policy and document objective facts
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

122. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who prefers short written instructions. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Adapt communication to the patient's stated access, language, sensory, or learning needs
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

123. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a caregiver who needs to learn a new monitoring skill. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Prioritize essential information, invite questions, and verify the patient can perform the task
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

124. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who has limited experience with video visits. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Use plain language, a tailored teaching method, and teach-back to confirm understanding

125. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who uses a hearing device. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Adapt communication to the patient's stated access, language, sensory, or learning needs
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

126. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who prefers communication in another language. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Prioritize essential information, invite questions, and verify the patient can perform the task
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

127. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient overwhelmed by a new chronic diagnosis. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Use plain language, a tailored teaching method, and teach-back to confirm understanding
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

128. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient with difficulty reading standard labels. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Adapt communication to the patient's stated access, language, sensory, or learning needs

129. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a teenager asking a sensitive health question. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Prioritize essential information, invite questions, and verify the patient can perform the task
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

130. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who learns best by demonstration. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Use plain language, a tailored teaching method, and teach-back to confirm understanding
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

131. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who needs to prepare for a procedure. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Adapt communication to the patient's stated access, language, sensory, or learning needs
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

132. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a family requesting to participate in teaching. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Prioritize essential information, invite questions, and verify the patient can perform the task

133. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient with low confidence using a portal. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Use plain language, a tailored teaching method, and teach-back to confirm understanding
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

134. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who reports trouble remembering instructions. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Adapt communication to the patient's stated access, language, sensory, or learning needs
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

135. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who needs information in an accessible format. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Prioritize essential information, invite questions, and verify the patient can perform the task
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

136. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who has cultural preferences affecting diet choices. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Use plain language, a tailored teaching method, and teach-back to confirm understanding

137. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient with anxiety during health discussions. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Adapt communication to the patient's stated access, language, sensory, or learning needs
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

138. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who wants to compare online information. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Prioritize essential information, invite questions, and verify the patient can perform the task
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

139. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who needs to learn wound care at home. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Use plain language, a tailored teaching method, and teach-back to confirm understanding
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

140. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient with a visual impairment. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Adapt communication to the patient's stated access, language, sensory, or learning needs

141. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who is unfamiliar with self-injection. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Prioritize essential information, invite questions, and verify the patient can perform the task
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

142. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a caregiver managing competing responsibilities. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Use plain language, a tailored teaching method, and teach-back to confirm understanding
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

143. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who asks few questions during visits. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Adapt communication to the patient's stated access, language, sensory, or learning needs

144. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient with limited financial resources for the plan. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Prioritize essential information, invite questions, and verify the patient can perform the task
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

145. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who needs warning-sign instructions. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Use plain language, a tailored teaching method, and teach-back to confirm understanding
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

146. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who has difficulty concentrating after a diagnosis. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Adapt communication to the patient's stated access, language, sensory, or learning needs
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

147. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who wants to include a support person by phone. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Prioritize essential information, invite questions, and verify the patient can perform the task
- B. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

148. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who needs a clear medication routine. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Use plain language, a tailored teaching method, and teach-back to confirm understanding
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

149. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who is concerned about privacy in telehealth. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- C. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up
- D. Adapt communication to the patient's stated access, language, sensory, or learning needs

150. In an ambulatory setting, the nurse is addressing a patient who needs to practice a device technique. Which response best reflects safe education practice?

- A. Provide standard information without assessing understanding or context
- B. Prioritize essential information, invite questions, and verify the patient can perform the task
- C. Delay action until the next routine appointment without further assessment
- D. Refer the concern to another team without documenting or confirming follow-up

Practice Exam 5: Answer Key and Explanations

- 1. B** — The keyed response is best because it uses a patient-centered, safe process. It uses available information, confirms the next step, and supports timely follow-up. Generic advice, unnecessary delay, or an unconfirmed referral can leave an important need unresolved. Clear documentation and communication promote continuity, accountability, and safe coordination across the ambulatory care team for patients.
- 2. A** — The keyed response is best because it uses a patient-centered, safe process. It uses available information, confirms the next step, and supports timely follow-up. Generic advice, unnecessary delay, or an unconfirmed referral can leave an important need unresolved. Clear documentation and communication promote continuity, accountability, and safe coordination across the ambulatory care team for patients.
- 3. C** — The keyed response is best because it uses a patient-centered, safe process. It uses available information, confirms the next step, and supports timely follow-up. Generic advice, unnecessary delay, or an unconfirmed referral can leave an important need unresolved. Clear documentation and communication promote continuity, accountability, and safe coordination across the ambulatory care team for patients.
- 4. B** — The keyed response is best because it uses a patient-centered, safe process. It uses available information, confirms the next step, and supports timely follow-up. Generic advice, unnecessary delay, or an unconfirmed referral can leave an important need unresolved. Clear documentation and communication promote continuity, accountability, and safe coordination across the ambulatory care team for patients.
- 5. A** — The keyed response is best because it uses a patient-centered, safe process. It uses available information, confirms the next step, and supports timely follow-up. Generic advice, unnecessary delay, or an unconfirmed referral can leave an important need unresolved. Clear documentation and communication promote continuity, accountability, and safe coordination across the ambulatory care team for patients.
- 6. D** — The keyed response is best because it uses a patient-centered, safe process. It uses available information, confirms the next step, and supports timely follow-up. Generic advice, unnecessary delay, or an unconfirmed referral can leave an important need unresolved. Clear documentation and communication promote continuity, accountability, and safe coordination across the ambulatory care team for patients.
- 7. D** — The keyed response is best because it uses a patient-centered, safe process. It uses available information, confirms the next step, and supports timely follow-up. Generic advice, unnecessary delay, or an unconfirmed referral can leave an important need unresolved. Clear documentation and communication promote continuity, accountability, and safe coordination across the ambulatory care team for patients.

8. C — The keyed response is best because it uses a patient-centered, safe process. It uses available information, confirms the next step, and supports timely follow-up. Generic advice, unnecessary delay, or an unconfirmed referral can leave an important need unresolved. Clear documentation and communication promote continuity, accountability, and safe coordination across the ambulatory care team for patients.

9. B — The keyed response is best because it uses a patient-centered, safe process. It uses available information, confirms the next step, and supports timely follow-up. Generic advice, unnecessary delay, or an unconfirmed referral can leave an important need unresolved. Clear documentation and communication promote continuity, accountability, and safe coordination across the ambulatory care team for patients.

10. A — The keyed response is best because it uses a patient-centered, safe process. It uses available information, confirms the next step, and supports timely follow-up. Generic advice, unnecessary delay, or an unconfirmed referral can leave an important need unresolved. Clear documentation and communication promote continuity, accountability, and safe coordination across the ambulatory care team for patients.

11. B — The keyed response is best because it uses a patient-centered, safe process. It uses available information, confirms the next step, and supports timely follow-up. Generic advice, unnecessary delay, or an unconfirmed referral can leave an important need unresolved. Clear documentation and communication promote continuity, accountability, and safe coordination across the ambulatory care team for patients.

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