

PRACTICE EXAM 7: NYC BRIDGE EXAM SIMULATION

(100 QUESTIONS)

This practice exam contains 100 multiple-choice questions covering the six abilities identified by NYC DCAS for Exam No. 6977. Select the best answer for each question. A score of at least 70% is required to pass the official multiple-choice test. DCAS does not publish an official question count or time limit; use a two-hour practice limit for this simulation.

1. A field ticket carries tracking number BDG-2180-02-7. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. BDG-2181-02-7
- B. BDG-2180-02-7
- C. BDG-2180-03-7
- D. BDG-2180-02-8

2. A field ticket carries tracking number RPR-2209-03-8. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. RPR-2210-03-8
- B. RPR-2209-04-8
- C. RPR-2209-03-9
- D. RPR-2209-03-8

3. A field ticket carries tracking number SVY-2238-04-9. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. SVY-2238-04-9
- B. SVY-2239-04-9

- C. SVY-2238-05-9
- D. SVY-2238-04-0

4. A field ticket carries tracking number TKT-2267-05-0. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. TKT-2268-05-0
- B. TKT-2267-06-0
- C. TKT-2267-05-0
- D. TKT-2267-05-1

5. A field ticket carries tracking number MAP-2296-06-1. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. MAP-2297-06-1
- B. MAP-2296-07-1
- C. MAP-2296-06-1
- D. MAP-2296-06-2

6. A field ticket carries tracking number BDG-2325-07-2. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. BDG-2326-07-2
- B. BDG-2325-08-2
- C. BDG-2325-07-3
- D. BDG-2325-07-2

7. A field ticket carries tracking number RPR-2354-08-3. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. RPR-2354-08-3

- B. RPR-2355-08-3
- C. RPR-2354-09-3
- D. RPR-2354-08-4

8. A field ticket carries tracking number SVY-2383-09-4. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. SVY-2384-09-4
- B. SVY-2383-09-4
- C. SVY-2383-10-4
- D. SVY-2383-09-5

9. A field ticket carries tracking number TKT-2412-01-5. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. TKT-2413-01-5
- B. TKT-2412-01-5
- C. TKT-2412-02-5
- D. TKT-2412-01-6

10. A field ticket carries tracking number MAP-2441-02-6. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. MAP-2442-02-6
- B. MAP-2441-03-6
- C. MAP-2441-02-6
- D. MAP-2441-02-7

11. A field ticket carries tracking number BDG-2470-03-7. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. BDG-2470-03-7
- B. BDG-2471-03-7
- C. BDG-2470-04-7
- D. BDG-2470-03-8

12. A field ticket carries tracking number RPR-2499-04-8. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. RPR-2500-04-8
- B. RPR-2499-05-8
- C. RPR-2499-04-9
- D. RPR-2499-04-8

13. A field ticket carries tracking number SVY-2528-05-9. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. SVY-2528-05-9
- B. SVY-2529-05-9
- C. SVY-2528-06-9
- D. SVY-2528-05-0

14. A field ticket carries tracking number TKT-2557-06-0. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. TKT-2558-06-0
- B. TKT-2557-07-0
- C. TKT-2557-06-1
- D. TKT-2557-06-0

15. A field ticket carries tracking number MAP-2586-07-1. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. MAP-2587-07-1
- B. MAP-2586-07-1
- C. MAP-2586-08-1
- D. MAP-2586-07-2

16. A field ticket carries tracking number BDG-2615-08-2. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. BDG-2616-08-2
- B. BDG-2615-09-2
- C. BDG-2615-08-2
- D. BDG-2615-08-3

17. A field ticket carries tracking number RPR-2644-09-3. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. RPR-2644-09-3
- B. RPR-2645-09-3
- C. RPR-2644-10-3
- D. RPR-2644-09-4

18. A field ticket carries tracking number SVY-2673-01-4. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. SVY-2674-01-4
- B. SVY-2673-01-4
- C. SVY-2673-02-4
- D. SVY-2673-01-5

19. A field ticket carries tracking number TKT-2702-02-5. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. TKT-2703-02-5
- B. TKT-2702-03-5
- C. TKT-2702-02-5
- D. TKT-2702-02-6

20. A field ticket carries tracking number MAP-2731-03-6. Which option duplicates every segment of that tracking number?

- A. MAP-2732-03-6
- B. MAP-2731-04-6
- C. MAP-2731-03-7
- D. MAP-2731-03-6

21. Task chain 1 requires staff to date-stamp the application before check required fields, then proceed to scan the completed form, with route the electronic file as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. check required fields, date-stamp the application, scan the completed form, route the electronic file
- B. date-stamp the application, scan the completed form, check required fields, route the electronic file
- C. date-stamp the application, check required fields, scan the completed form, route the electronic file
- D. date-stamp the application, check required fields, route the electronic file, scan the completed form

22. Task chain 2 requires staff to inspect the work area before identify the defect, then proceed to record the condition, with send the inspection report as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. inspect the work area, identify the defect, record the condition, send the inspection report
- B. identify the defect, inspect the work area, record the condition, send the inspection report
- C. inspect the work area, record the condition, identify the defect, send the inspection report
- D. inspect the work area, identify the defect, send the inspection report, record the condition

23. Task chain 3 requires staff to receive the invoice before match the purchase order, then proceed to obtain approval, with release the payment record as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. match the purchase order, receive the invoice, obtain approval, release the payment record
- B. receive the invoice, obtain approval, match the purchase order, release the payment record
- C. receive the invoice, match the purchase order, release the payment record, obtain approval
- D. receive the invoice, match the purchase order, obtain approval, release the payment record

24. Task chain 4 requires staff to open the service ticket before verify the caller's details, then proceed to assign the responsible unit, with send the tracking number as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. verify the caller's details, open the service ticket, assign the responsible unit, send the tracking number
- B. open the service ticket, verify the caller's details, assign the responsible unit, send the tracking number
- C. open the service ticket, assign the responsible unit, verify the caller's details, send the tracking number
- D. open the service ticket, verify the caller's details, send the tracking number, assign the responsible unit

25. Task chain 5 requires staff to collect the daily totals before reconcile the subtotals, then proceed to enter the verified amount, with archive the worksheet as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. reconcile the subtotals, collect the daily totals, enter the verified amount, archive the worksheet
- B. collect the daily totals, reconcile the subtotals, enter the verified amount, archive the worksheet
- C. collect the daily totals, enter the verified amount, reconcile the subtotals, archive the worksheet
- D. collect the daily totals, reconcile the subtotals, archive the worksheet, enter the verified amount

26. Task chain 6 requires staff to review the leave request before confirm available balance, then proceed to record the decision, with notify the employee as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. confirm available balance, review the leave request, record the decision, notify the employee

- B. review the leave request, record the decision, confirm available balance, notify the employee
- C. review the leave request, confirm available balance, record the decision, notify the employee
- D. review the leave request, confirm available balance, notify the employee, record the decision

27. Task chain 7 requires staff to receive the supply delivery before compare the packing slip, then proceed to record any shortage, with store the accepted items as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. receive the supply delivery, compare the packing slip, record any shortage, store the accepted items
- B. compare the packing slip, receive the supply delivery, record any shortage, store the accepted items
- C. receive the supply delivery, record any shortage, compare the packing slip, store the accepted items
- D. receive the supply delivery, compare the packing slip, store the accepted items, record any shortage

28. Task chain 8 requires staff to identify the damaged fixture before secure the immediate area, then proceed to submit the repair request, with reopen the area after clearance as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. secure the immediate area, identify the damaged fixture, submit the repair request, reopen the area after clearance
- B. identify the damaged fixture, submit the repair request, secure the immediate area, reopen the area after clearance
- C. identify the damaged fixture, secure the immediate area, reopen the area after clearance, submit the repair request
- D. identify the damaged fixture, secure the immediate area, submit the repair request, reopen the area after clearance

29. Task chain 9 requires staff to read the meeting request before check participant availability, then proceed to reserve the conference room, with send the calendar invitation as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. read the meeting request, check participant availability, reserve the conference room, send the calendar invitation

B. check participant availability, read the meeting request, reserve the conference room, send the calendar invitation

C. read the meeting request, reserve the conference room, check participant availability, send the calendar invitation

D. read the meeting request, check participant availability, send the calendar invitation, reserve the conference room

30. Task chain 10 requires staff to receive the records request before confirm authorization, then proceed to retrieve the responsive file, with document the release as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

A. confirm authorization, receive the records request, retrieve the responsive file, document the release

B. receive the records request, retrieve the responsive file, confirm authorization, document the release

C. receive the records request, confirm authorization, retrieve the responsive file, document the release

D. receive the records request, confirm authorization, document the release, retrieve the responsive file

31. Task chain 11 requires staff to review the draft notice before correct factual errors, then proceed to obtain final approval, with distribute the approved notice as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

A. correct factual errors, review the draft notice, obtain final approval, distribute the approved notice

B. review the draft notice, obtain final approval, correct factual errors, distribute the approved notice

C. review the draft notice, correct factual errors, distribute the approved notice, obtain final approval

D. review the draft notice, correct factual errors, obtain final approval, distribute the approved notice

32. Task chain 12 requires staff to log the complaint before classify its subject, then proceed to refer it to the assigned unit, with record the referral date as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

A. classify its subject, log the complaint, refer it to the assigned unit, record the referral date

B. log the complaint, classify its subject, refer it to the assigned unit, record the referral date

C. log the complaint, refer it to the assigned unit, classify its subject, record the referral date

D. log the complaint, classify its subject, record the referral date, refer it to the assigned unit

33. Task chain 13 requires staff to count the cash drawer before compare the register total, then proceed to report any discrepancy, with complete the closing record as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. count the cash drawer, compare the register total, report any discrepancy, complete the closing record
- B. compare the register total, count the cash drawer, report any discrepancy, complete the closing record
- C. count the cash drawer, report any discrepancy, compare the register total, complete the closing record
- D. count the cash drawer, compare the register total, complete the closing record, report any discrepancy

34. Task chain 14 requires staff to review the maintenance schedule before confirm staff availability, then proceed to assign the work order, with post the final schedule as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. confirm staff availability, review the maintenance schedule, assign the work order, post the final schedule
- B. review the maintenance schedule, confirm staff availability, assign the work order, post the final schedule
- C. review the maintenance schedule, assign the work order, confirm staff availability, post the final schedule
- D. review the maintenance schedule, confirm staff availability, post the final schedule, assign the work order

35. Task chain 15 requires staff to receive the returned mail before verify the client record, then proceed to update the mailing address, with resend the notice as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. verify the client record, receive the returned mail, update the mailing address, resend the notice
- B. receive the returned mail, update the mailing address, verify the client record, resend the notice
- C. receive the returned mail, verify the client record, resend the notice, update the mailing address
- D. receive the returned mail, verify the client record, update the mailing address, resend the notice

36. Task chain 16 requires staff to check the application number before locate the matching case, then proceed to attach the new document, with update the case index as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. locate the matching case, check the application number, attach the new document, update the case index
- B. check the application number, attach the new document, locate the matching case, update the case index
- C. check the application number, locate the matching case, attach the new document, update the case index
- D. check the application number, locate the matching case, update the case index, attach the new document

37. Task chain 17 requires staff to review the incident notes before confirm the event time, then proceed to prepare the summary, with submit it to the supervisor as the closing action. Which sequence obeys the chain?

- A. confirm the event time, review the incident notes, prepare the summary, submit it to the supervisor
- B. review the incident notes, confirm the event time, prepare the summary, submit it to the supervisor
- C. review the incident notes, prepare the summary, confirm the event time, submit it to the supervisor
- D. review the incident notes, confirm the event time, submit it to the supervisor, prepare the summary

38. A status report lists 137 completed items for Area A and 61 for Area B. What is their combined count?

- A. 198
- B. 191
- C. 222
- D. 76

39. A supervisor samples 12.5% of 840 logged cases. How many cases are in the sample?

- A. 125
- B. 85
- C. 105
- D. 827.5

40. A distribution center prepares 29 packets with 35 notices in each packet. How many notices are prepared?

- A. 1044
- B. 980
- C. 64
- D. 1015

41. A unit distributes 1050 reference labels equally among 21 workstations. How many labels go to each station?

- A. 71
- B. 29
- C. 50
- D. 1029

42. A status report lists 173 completed items for Area A and 89 for Area B. What is their combined count?

- A. 262
- B. 255
- C. 286
- D. 84

43. A supervisor samples 12.5% of 1000 logged cases. How many cases are in the sample?

- A. 145
- B. 125
- C. 105
- D. 987.5

44. A distribution center prepares 33 packets with 33 notices in each packet. How many notices are prepared?

- A. 1122
- B. 1056
- C. 66
- D. 1089

45. A unit distributes 1218 reference labels equally among 21 workstations. How many labels go to each station?

- A. 79
- B. 37
- C. 1197
- D. 58

46. A status report lists 209 completed items for Area A and 117 for Area B. What is their combined count?

- A. 319
- B. 350
- C. 326
- D. 92

47. A supervisor samples 12.5% of 1160 logged cases. How many cases are in the sample?

- A. 145
- B. 165
- C. 125
- D. 1147.5

48. A distribution center prepares 37 packets with 34 notices in each packet. How many notices are prepared?

- A. 1295
- B. 1258
- C. 1224
- D. 71

49. A unit distributes 1386 reference labels equally among 21 workstations. How many labels go to each station?

- A. 87
- B. 45
- C. 1365
- D. 66

50. A status report lists 245 completed items for Area A and 145 for Area B. What is their combined count?

- A. 390
- B. 383
- C. 414
- D. 100

51. A supervisor samples 12.5% of 1320 logged cases. How many cases are in the sample?

- A. 185
- B. 165
- C. 145
- D. 1307.5

52. A distribution center prepares 41 packets with 35 notices in each packet. How many notices are prepared?

- A. 1476
- B. 1400
- C. 1435
- D. 76

53. A unit distributes 1554 reference labels equally among 21 workstations. How many labels go to each station?

- A. 95
- B. 53
- C. 1533
- D. 74

54. At 4:08 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when the dispatch desk requests a route update needed within fifteen minutes. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- B. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- C. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

55. At 4:11 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when a public appointment begins early and the case folder must be retrieved. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- B. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- C. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

56. At 4:14 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when a supervisor needs a corrected total before approving today's report. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- B. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- C. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

57. At 4:17 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when the receiving area announces a delivery that requires immediate inspection. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- B. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- C. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

58. At 4:20 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when a crew requests confirmation of a work location before leaving the yard. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- B. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- C. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact
- D. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume

59. At 4:23 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when the records counter needs a replacement receipt for a waiting customer. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- B. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- C. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

60. At 4:26 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when a deadline notice is returned for a missing authorization code. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- B. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- C. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

61. At 4:29 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when the operations desk asks for the current status of an active assignment. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- B. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone

- C. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

62. At 4:32 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when a vendor arrives for a scheduled access appointment. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- B. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- C. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact
- D. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume

63. At 4:35 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when a manager requests a one-page summary for a meeting starting shortly. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- B. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- C. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

64. At 4:38 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when a field office reports that a transmitted document is unreadable. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- B. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- C. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

65. At 4:41 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when the supply desk needs approval to release materials to a waiting crew. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- B. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- C. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

66. At 4:44 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when a scheduled interview begins while the sign-in list is unavailable. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- B. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- C. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

67. At 4:47 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when a time-sensitive request must be logged before the daily cutoff. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- B. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- C. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact
- D. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume

68. At 4:50 p.m., a worker is reorganizing a supply list that is not due this week when an employee calls to correct an error affecting today's schedule. Several routine emails are open. Which action best manages competing demands?

- A. Finish all nonurgent correspondence before acknowledging the request
- B. Abandon every planned assignment for the day without notifying anyone
- C. Pause the flexible assignment, address the time-sensitive request, and record when the original work will resume
- D. Select whichever pending task is shortest, regardless of its deadline or impact

69. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 1: Completed applications logged before 2:00 p.m. on Monday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 2:00 p.m. join the Tuesday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. A completed application logged at 1:50 p.m. on Monday joins the Monday queue
- B. All applications logged on Monday join the Tuesday queue
- C. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 2:00 p.m. joins the Monday queue

70. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 2: Completed applications logged before 3:05 p.m. on Tuesday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 3:05 p.m. join the Wednesday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Tuesday join the Wednesday queue
- B. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- C. A completed application logged at 2:50 p.m. on Tuesday joins the Tuesday queue
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 3:05 p.m. joins the Tuesday queue

71. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 3: Completed applications logged before 4:10 p.m. on Wednesday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 4:10 p.m. join the Thursday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Wednesday join the Thursday queue
- B. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- C. A completed application logged exactly at 4:10 p.m. joins the Wednesday queue
- D. A completed application logged at 4:00 p.m. on Wednesday joins the Wednesday queue

72. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 4: Completed applications logged before 2:15 p.m. on Thursday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 2:15 p.m. join the Friday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Thursday join the Friday queue
- B. A completed application logged at 2:05 p.m. on Thursday joins the Thursday queue
- C. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 2:15 p.m. joins the Thursday queue

73. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 5: Completed applications logged before 3:20 p.m. on Friday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 3:20 p.m. join the Monday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Friday join the Monday queue
- B. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- C. A completed application logged at 3:10 p.m. on Friday joins the Friday queue
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 3:20 p.m. joins the Friday queue

74. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 6: Completed applications logged before 4:25 p.m. on Monday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 4:25 p.m. join the Tuesday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. A completed application logged at 4:15 p.m. on Monday joins the Monday queue
- B. All applications logged on Monday join the Tuesday queue
- C. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 4:25 p.m. joins the Monday queue

75. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 7: Completed applications logged before 2:30 p.m. on Tuesday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 2:30 p.m. join the Wednesday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Tuesday join the Wednesday queue
- B. A completed application logged at 2:20 p.m. on Tuesday joins the Tuesday queue
- C. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 2:30 p.m. joins the Tuesday queue

76. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 8: Completed applications logged before 3:35 p.m. on Wednesday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 3:35 p.m. join the Thursday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Wednesday join the Thursday queue
- B. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- C. A completed application logged exactly at 3:35 p.m. joins the Wednesday queue
- D. A completed application logged at 3:25 p.m. on Wednesday joins the Wednesday queue

77. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 9: Completed applications logged before 4:40 p.m. on Thursday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 4:40 p.m. join the Friday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Thursday join the Friday queue
- B. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- C. A completed application logged at 4:30 p.m. on Thursday joins the Thursday queue
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 4:40 p.m. joins the Thursday queue

78. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 10: Completed applications logged before 2:45 p.m. on Friday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 2:45 p.m. join the Monday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. A completed application logged at 2:35 p.m. on Friday joins the Friday queue
- B. All applications logged on Friday join the Monday queue
- C. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 2:45 p.m. joins the Friday queue

79. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 11: Completed applications logged before 3:50 p.m. on Monday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 3:50 p.m. join the Tuesday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Monday join the Tuesday queue
- B. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- C. A completed application logged exactly at 3:50 p.m. joins the Monday queue
- D. A completed application logged at 3:40 p.m. on Monday joins the Monday queue

80. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 12: Completed applications logged before 4:55 p.m. on Tuesday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 4:55 p.m. join the Wednesday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Tuesday join the Wednesday queue
- B. A completed application logged at 4:45 p.m. on Tuesday joins the Tuesday queue
- C. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 4:55 p.m. joins the Tuesday queue

81. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 13: Completed applications logged before 2:00 p.m. on Wednesday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 2:00 p.m. join the Thursday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Wednesday join the Thursday queue
- B. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return

- C. A completed application logged exactly at 2:00 p.m. joins the Wednesday queue
- D. A completed application logged at 1:50 p.m. on Wednesday joins the Wednesday queue

82. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 14: Completed applications logged before 3:05 p.m. on Thursday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 3:05 p.m. join the Friday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Thursday join the Friday queue
- B. A completed application logged at 2:50 p.m. on Thursday joins the Thursday queue
- C. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 3:05 p.m. joins the Thursday queue

83. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 15: Completed applications logged before 4:10 p.m. on Friday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 4:10 p.m. join the Monday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. A completed application logged at 4:00 p.m. on Friday joins the Friday queue
- B. All applications logged on Friday join the Monday queue
- C. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 4:10 p.m. joins the Friday queue

84. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 16: Completed applications logged before 2:15 p.m. on Monday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after 2:15 p.m. join the Tuesday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. All applications logged on Monday join the Tuesday queue
- B. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- C. A completed application logged at 2:05 p.m. on Monday joins the Monday queue
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 2:15 p.m. joins the Monday queue

85. Using the queue rule, select the statement that must be true. Queue rule 17: Completed applications logged before 3:20 p.m. on Tuesday join that day's queue. Completed applications logged at or after

3:20 p.m. join the Wednesday queue. Applications missing a telephone number are returned before queuing.

- A. A completed application logged at 3:10 p.m. on Tuesday joins the Tuesday queue
- B. All applications logged on Tuesday join the Wednesday queue
- C. An application without a telephone number enters the queue before return
- D. A completed application logged exactly at 3:20 p.m. joins the Tuesday queue

86. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the payroll unit?

- A. The technician inspected the report, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the payroll unit.
- B. The technician inspected the report, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the payroll unit.
- C. Inspecting the report, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the payroll unit.
- D. The technician inspect the report, correct two entry, and transmits it to the payroll unit.

87. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the records unit?

- A. The technician inspected the schedule, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the records unit.
- B. Inspecting the schedule, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the records unit.
- C. The technician inspected the schedule, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the records unit.
- D. The technician inspect the schedule, correct two entry, and transmits it to the records unit.

88. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the operations unit?

- A. The technician inspected the invoice, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the operations unit.
- B. Inspecting the invoice, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the operations unit.
- C. The technician inspect the invoice, correct two entry, and transmits it to the operations unit.
- D. The technician inspected the invoice, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the operations unit.

89. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the procurement unit?

- A. The technician inspected the request, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the procurement unit.
- B. Inspecting the request, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the procurement unit.
- C. The technician inspect the request, correct two entry, and transmits it to the procurement unit.
- D. The technician inspected the request, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the procurement unit.

90. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the facilities unit?

- A. The technician inspected the record, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the facilities unit.
- B. The technician inspected the record, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the facilities unit.
- C. Inspecting the record, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the facilities unit.
- D. The technician inspect the record, correct two entry, and transmits it to the facilities unit.

91. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the personnel unit?

- A. The technician inspected the report, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the personnel unit.
- B. Inspecting the report, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the personnel unit.
- C. The technician inspected the report, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the personnel unit.
- D. The technician inspect the report, correct two entry, and transmits it to the personnel unit.

92. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the budget unit?

- A. The technician inspected the schedule, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the budget unit.
- B. The technician inspected the schedule, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the budget unit.
- C. Inspecting the schedule, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the budget unit.
- D. The technician inspect the schedule, correct two entry, and transmits it to the budget unit.

93. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the legal unit?

- A. The technician inspected the invoice, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the legal unit.
- B. Inspecting the invoice, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the legal unit.
- C. The technician inspected the invoice, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the legal unit.
- D. The technician inspect the invoice, correct two entry, and transmits it to the legal unit.

94. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the training unit?

- A. The technician inspected the request, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the training unit.
- B. Inspecting the request, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the training unit.
- C. The technician inspect the request, correct two entry, and transmits it to the training unit.
- D. The technician inspected the request, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the training unit.

95. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the safety unit?

- A. The technician inspected the record, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the safety unit.
- B. The technician inspected the record, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the safety unit.
- C. Inspecting the record, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the safety unit.
- D. The technician inspect the record, correct two entry, and transmits it to the safety unit.

96. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the support unit?

- A. The technician inspected the report, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the support unit.
- B. The technician inspected the report, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the support unit.
- C. Inspecting the report, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the support unit.
- D. The technician inspect the report, correct two entry, and transmits it to the support unit.

97. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the scheduling unit?

- A. The technician inspected the schedule, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the scheduling unit.

- B. Inspecting the schedule, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the scheduling unit.
- C. The technician inspect the schedule, correct two entry, and transmits it to the scheduling unit.
- D. The technician inspected the schedule, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the scheduling unit.

98. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the audit unit?

- A. The technician inspected the invoice, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the audit unit.
- B. The technician inspected the invoice, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the audit unit.
- C. Inspecting the invoice, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the audit unit.
- D. The technician inspect the invoice, correct two entry, and transmits it to the audit unit.

99. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the intake unit?

- A. The technician inspected the request, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the intake unit.
- B. Inspecting the request, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the intake unit.
- C. The technician inspected the request, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the intake unit.
- D. The technician inspect the request, correct two entry, and transmits it to the intake unit.

100. Which sentence most clearly summarizes the technician's completed work for the quality assurance unit?

- A. The technician inspected the record, corrected two entries, and transmitted it to the quality assurance unit.
- B. The technician inspected the record, corrected two entries and, transmitted it to the quality assurance unit.
- C. Inspecting the record, two entries corrected the technician before transmission to the quality assurance unit.
- D. The technician inspect the record, correct two entry, and transmits it to the quality assurance unit.

Practice Exam 7: Answer Key and Explanations

- 1. B** — BDG-2180-02-7 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail
- 2. D** — RPR-2209-03-8 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail
- 3. A** — SVY-2238-04-9 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail
- 4. C** — TKT-2267-05-0 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail
- 5. C** — MAP-2296-06-1 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail
- 6. D** — BDG-2325-07-2 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail
- 7. A** — RPR-2354-08-3 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail
- 8. B** — SVY-2383-09-4 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail
- 9. B** — TKT-2412-01-5 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

10. C — MAP-2441-02-6 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

11. A — BDG-2470-03-7 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

12. D — RPR-2499-04-8 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

13. A — SVY-2528-05-9 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

14. D — TKT-2557-06-0 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

15. B — MAP-2586-07-1 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

16. C — BDG-2615-08-2 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

17. A — RPR-2644-09-3 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

18. B — SVY-2673-01-4 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

19. C — TKT-2702-02-5 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

20. D — MAP-2731-03-6 is the only option matching the department prefix, four-digit batch, two-digit unit, and final record digit. Each distractor changes one field, so relying on the general appearance of the code would produce an error. Compare the segments from left to right and preserve leading zeros. Checking each relevant detail

21. C — The valid sequence begins with date-stamp the application, followed by check required fields, scan the completed form, and route the electronic file. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

22. A — The valid sequence begins with inspect the work area, followed by identify the defect, record the condition, and send the inspection report. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

23. D — The valid sequence begins with receive the invoice, followed by match the purchase order, obtain approval, and release the payment record. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation. Checking

24. B — The valid sequence begins with open the service ticket, followed by verify the caller's details, assign the responsible unit, and send the tracking number. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

25. B — The valid sequence begins with collect the daily totals, followed by reconcile the subtotals, enter the verified amount, and archive the worksheet. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

26. C — The valid sequence begins with review the leave request, followed by confirm available balance, record the decision, and notify the employee. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation. Checking

27. A — The valid sequence begins with receive the supply delivery, followed by compare the packing slip, record any shortage, and store the accepted items. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

28. D — The valid sequence begins with identify the damaged fixture, followed by secure the immediate area, submit the repair request, and reopen the area after clearance. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

29. A — The valid sequence begins with read the meeting request, followed by check participant availability, reserve the conference room, and send the calendar invitation. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

30. C — The valid sequence begins with receive the records request, followed by confirm authorization, retrieve the responsive file, and document the release. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation. Checking

31. D — The valid sequence begins with review the draft notice, followed by correct factual errors, obtain final approval, and distribute the approved notice. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

32. B — The valid sequence begins with log the complaint, followed by classify its subject, refer it to the assigned unit, and record the referral date. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

33. A — The valid sequence begins with count the cash drawer, followed by compare the register total, report any discrepancy, and complete the closing record. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

34. B — The valid sequence begins with review the maintenance schedule, followed by confirm staff availability, assign the work order, and post the final schedule. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

35. D — The valid sequence begins with receive the returned mail, followed by verify the client record, update the mailing address, and resend the notice. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

36. C — The valid sequence begins with check the application number, followed by locate the matching case, attach the new document, and update the case index. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

37. B — The valid sequence begins with review the incident notes, followed by confirm the event time, prepare the summary, and submit it to the supervisor. Every prerequisite is preserved. Each alternative reverses at least one required dependency, so it cannot satisfy all three rules even when the remaining actions appear sensible in isolation.

38. A — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 198. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking

39. C — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 105. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking

40. D — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 1015. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking

41. C — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 50. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking

42. A — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 262. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking

43. B — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 125. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking

44. D — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 1089. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking

45. D — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 58. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking

- 46. C** — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 326. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking
- 47. A** — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 145. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking
- 48. B** — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 1258. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking
- 49. D** — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 66. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking
- 50. A** — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 390. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking
- 51. B** — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 165. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking
- 52. C** — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 1435. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking
- 53. D** — Applying the operation described in the stem gives 74. The quantities must be combined exactly as stated rather than estimated or mixed with an unrelated operation. The distractors reflect common mistakes such as subtracting, using the wrong percentage base, or changing only one quantity instead of completing the calculation. Checking
- 54. B** — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

55. C — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

56. A — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

57. C — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

58. D — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

59. B — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

60. A — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

61. C — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

62. D — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

63. A — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

64. B — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

65. A — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

66. B — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

67. D — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

68. C — The new request has immediate operational impact, while the filing project has scheduling flexibility and the routine messages remain lower priority. Pausing the flexible work, responding promptly, and documenting the revised plan balances urgency with accountability. Ignoring priority, discarding the full schedule, or choosing work only because it is short would misuse available time.

69. A — Logging at 1:50 p.m. occurs before the 2:00 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Monday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Tuesday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

70. C — Logging at 2:50 p.m. occurs before the 3:05 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Tuesday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Wednesday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

71. D — Logging at 4:00 p.m. occurs before the 4:10 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Wednesday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Thursday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

72. B — Logging at 2:05 p.m. occurs before the 2:15 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Thursday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Friday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

73. C — Logging at 3:10 p.m. occurs before the 3:20 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Friday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Monday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

74. A — Logging at 4:15 p.m. occurs before the 4:25 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Monday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Tuesday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

75. B — Logging at 2:20 p.m. occurs before the 2:30 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Tuesday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Wednesday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

76. D — Logging at 3:25 p.m. occurs before the 3:35 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Wednesday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Thursday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

77. C — Logging at 4:30 p.m. occurs before the 4:40 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Thursday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Friday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

78. A — Logging at 2:35 p.m. occurs before the 2:45 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Friday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Monday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

79. D — Logging at 3:40 p.m. occurs before the 3:50 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Monday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Tuesday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

80. B — Logging at 4:45 p.m. occurs before the 4:55 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Tuesday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Wednesday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

81. D — Logging at 1:50 p.m. occurs before the 2:00 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Wednesday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Thursday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

82. B — Logging at 2:50 p.m. occurs before the 3:05 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Thursday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Friday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

83. A — Logging at 4:00 p.m. occurs before the 4:10 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Friday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Monday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

84. C — Logging at 2:05 p.m. occurs before the 2:15 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Monday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Tuesday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

85. A — Logging at 3:10 p.m. occurs before the 3:20 p.m. cutoff, and the application is completed, so it joins the Tuesday queue. Applications logged at or after the cutoff move to Wednesday, while those lacking a telephone number are returned. The distractors alter the timing rule or omit a required field.

86. B — The correct sentence uses a clear subject, consistent past-tense verbs, parallel actions, accurate agreement, and appropriate comma placement. The first distractor inserts an unnecessary comma, the second creates an illogical modifier and unclear actor, and the third mixes verb tenses while using an incorrect singular noun after the number two.

87. C — The correct sentence uses a clear subject, consistent past-tense verbs, parallel actions, accurate agreement, and appropriate comma placement. The first distractor inserts an unnecessary comma, the second creates an illogical modifier and unclear actor, and the third mixes verb tenses while using an incorrect singular noun after the number two.

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99. C — The correct sentence uses a clear subject, consistent past-tense verbs, parallel actions, accurate agreement, and appropriate comma placement. The first distractor inserts an unnecessary comma, the second creates an illogical modifier and unclear actor, and the third mixes verb tenses while using an incorrect singular noun after the number two.

100. A — The correct sentence uses a clear subject, consistent past-tense verbs, parallel actions, accurate agreement, and appropriate comma placement. The first distractor inserts an unnecessary comma, the second creates an illogical modifier and unclear actor, and the third mixes verb tenses while using an incorrect singular noun after the number two.